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2017 ACM ICPC Mid-Atlantic USA Regional Contest

2017 ACM ICPC Mid-Atlantic North America Programming Contest

Practice Round



Nov. 11, 2017

Welcome to the practice round for the 2017 ICPC Mid-Atlantic Regional.

Before you start the round, please take the time to review the **Contest Guide and Rules**, provided separately.

There is one (1) practice problem. Please submit solutions or request clarifications **for this problem only**. Unless you have a real question about the problem, please submit at most one clarification request, and at most two runs. It is important that everyone have a chance to see how the system works. Even if you do not solve the practice problem, you should submit once just to practice with the system.

Problem A: Roaming Romans

The English word “mile” derives from the Latin “mille passus”, meaning “a thousand paces”. A Roman mile was the distance a soldier would walk in 1 000 paces (a pace being two steps, one with each foot).

Over time, the actual distance referred to as a “mile” has changed. The modern English mile is 5 280 (modern) feet. The Roman mile is believed to have been about 4 854 (modern) feet. Therefore a distance of x English miles would correspond to $1\,000 \cdot \frac{5\,280}{4\,854}$ Roman paces.



Write a program to convert distances in English miles into Roman paces.

Input

Input will consist of a single line containing a single real number $0 \leq X \leq 1\,000$ denoting a distance in English miles. The number X has at most 3 digits of precision after the decimal point.

Output

Print an integer denoting the closest number of Roman paces equivalent to X . Your answer should be rounded to the closest integer (with an exact .5 decimal part rounded up).

Examples

Example 1

Sample Input

1.0

Sample Output

1088

Example 2

Sample Input

20.267

Sample Output

22046